NDOT required metric conversions to be in accordance with the International System of Units (SI) as published by ASTM 380, unless modified by this document.

## Hydraulics

The following list provides relevant physical constants and expressions for drainage applications.
Manning's equation (SI): $\mathrm{V}=1 / \mathrm{n}\left(\mathrm{R}^{2 / 3} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{f}}^{1 / 2}\right)$
where: $\quad V=$ Velocity, $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$;
$R=$ Hydraulic radius, $m$;
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{f}}=$ Longitudinal friction slope, $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{m}$;
$\mathrm{n}=$ Manning's roughness coefficient, dimensionless.
Rational formula (SI): Q = KCiA
where: $\quad \mathrm{Q}=$ Flow, $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$;
$\mathrm{i}=$ Rainfall intensity, mm/h;
A = Drainage area, hectares;
K = Coefficient, 1/360;
C = Runoff coefficient, dimensionless.
Acceleration due to gravity (SI): $\mathrm{g}=9.81 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

## Pipe/Conduit

Steel pipe and copper tube sizes will not change by switching to the metric system. American sizes are used in many parts of the world. Initially, they are simply classified by the nominal mm size, but in the future, hard metric pipe metric pipe sizes will probably be utilized.

ASTM B88M, which gives standardized hard metric copper tube sizes, will not be utilized until ample product availability can be established. The ASHRAE SI Guide gives the nominal ISO size for American pipe, but NDOT has opted to use a hard conversion of $1 \mathrm{in} .=25 \mathrm{~mm}$. Schedule designations remain the same (example: Schedule 40, and Type K, L, M).

Concrete pipe diameters will be expressed in hard converted sizes. These sizes are found in ASTM C14M for non-reinforced concrete pipe. The English-sized pipes fit into the tolerances of the metric sizes.

The following table lists the inch-pound names for pipe products (called NPS or "nominal pipe size") and their metric equivalents (called DN or "diameter nominal"). The metric names conform to ISO usage and apply to all piping used in buildings and civil works projects.

| DN <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | NPS <br> (in.) | DN <br> (mm) | NPS <br> (in.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $1 / 8$ | 375 | 15 |
| 6 | $1 / 4$ | 450 | 18 |
| 9 | $3 / 8$ | 525 | 21 |
| 13 | $1 / 2$ | 600 | 24 |
| 16 | $5 / 8$ | 750 | 30 |
| 19 | $3 / 4$ | 900 | 36 |
| 25 | 1 | 1050 | 42 |
| 31 | $11 / 4$ | 1200 | 48 |
| 38 | $11 / 2$ | 1350 | 54 |
| 50 | 2 | 1500 | 60 |
| 63 | $21 / 2$ | 1650 | 66 |
| 75 | 3 | 1800 | 72 |
| 88 | $31 / 2$ | 1950 | 78 |
| 100 | 4 | 2100 | 84 |
| 113 | $41 / 2$ | 2250 | 90 |
| 125 | 5 | 2400 | 96 |
| 150 | 6 | 2550 | 102 |
| 200 | 8 | 2700 | 108 |
| 250 | 10 | 2850 | 114 |
| 300 | 12 | 3000 | 120 |

Note: For pipe sizes over 120 in., use $1 \mathrm{in} .=25 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Nominal Pipe Sizes in Inches and Millimeters

Pipe Thickness

| Pipe Thickness |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AASHTO SI <br> (mm) | English Value <br> (in.) | Nominal |  | Rounded Down <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ |  |
|  | 0.040 | 1.1 | $(0.04331)$ | 1.0 | $(0.03937)$ |
| 1.32 | 0.052 | 1.4 | $(0.05512)$ | 1.3 | $(0.05118)$ |
| 1.63 | 0.064 | 1.65 | $(0.06496)$ | 1.6 | $(0.06299)$ |
| 2.01 | 0.079 | 2.1 | $(0.08268)$ | 2.0 | $(0.07874)$ |
| 2.77 | 0.109 | 2.8 | $(0.11024)$ | 2.7 | $(0.10630)$ |
| 3.51 | 0.138 | 3.6 | $(0.14173)$ | 3.5 | $(0.13780)$ |
| 4.27 | 0.168 | 4.3 | $(0.16929)$ | 4.2 | $(0.16535)$ |


| Pipe Thickness |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AASHTO SI <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | English Value <br> (in.) | Nominal |  | Rounded Down <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ |  |
|  | 0.036 | 1.0 | $(0.03931)$ | 0.9 | $(0.03543)$ |
| 1.17 | 0.046 | 1.2 | $(0.04724)$ | 1.1 | $(0.04331)$ |
| 1.45 | 0.057 | 1.5 | $(0.05906)$ | 1.4 | $(0.05512)$ |
| 1.83 | 0.072 | 1.9 | $(0.07480)$ | 1.8 | $(0.07087)$ |
| 2.57 | 0.101 | 2.6 | $(0.10236)$ | 2.5 | $(0.09843)$ |
| 3.28 | 0.129 | 3.3 | $(0.12992)$ | 3.2 | $(0.12598)$ |
| 4.04 | 0.159 | 4.1 | $(0.16142)$ | 4.0 | $(0.15748)$ |


| Pipe Corrugation Size |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AASHTO SI <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | English <br> Equivalent <br> (in.) |  |
| $68 \times 13$ | $(2.68 \mathrm{in} . \times 0.512 \mathrm{in})$. | $2^{2 / 3} \times 1 / 2$ |
| $76 \times 25$ | $(2.99 \mathrm{in} \times 0.984 \mathrm{in})$. | $3 \times 1$ |
| $125 \times 25$ | $(4.921 \mathrm{in} . \times 0.984 \mathrm{in})$. | $5 \times 1$ |
| $19 \times 19 \times 190$ | $(0.748 \mathrm{in} \times 0.748 \mathrm{in} . \times 7.48 \mathrm{in})$. | $3 / 4 \times 3 / 4 \times 71 / 2$ |
| $19 \times 25 \times 292$ | $(0.748 \mathrm{in} . \times 0.984 \mathrm{in} . \times 11.496 \mathrm{in})$. | $3 / 4 \times 1 \times 11^{1 / 2} 2$ |

The length of pipes can be varied as needed and may depend on limitations of haulers, handlers, designers and installers. The standard length for corrugated steel pipe as proposed by NCSPA is 6 meters. All pipe design lengths for NDOT should preferably be to the nearest meter, (to the nearest 0.5 meter is acceptable).

| Pipe Lengths |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Metric Value <br> $(\mathbf{m})$ | English Equivalent <br> $(\mathrm{ft})$. | Shown As <br> $(\mathbf{m})$ |  |  |
| 2.4384 | 8 | 2.5 | $(8.2 \mathrm{ft})$ |  |
| 3.0480 | 10 | 3.0 | $(9.8 \mathrm{ft})$ |  |
| 4.8768 | 16 | 5.0 | $(16.4 \mathrm{ft})$ |  |
| 6.0960 | 20 | 6.0 | $(19.7 \mathrm{ft})$. |  |
| 7.3152 | 24 | 7.5 | $(24.6 \mathrm{ft})$. |  |
| 9.1440 | 30 | 9.0 | $(29.5 \mathrm{ft})$ |  |


| CONVERSION FACTORS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FROM |  | MULTIPLY BY | TO OBTAIN |  |
| Unit | Abbreviation |  | Unit | Abbreviation |
| cubic foot per second | cfs | 0.02832 | cubic meter per second | $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| foot | ft | 0.3048 | meter | m |
| square foot | sq ft | 0.0929 | square meter | $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ |
| cubic foot | cu ft | 0.0283 | cubic meter | $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| inch | in | 25.4 | millimeter | mm |
| square mile | sq mi | 2.59 | square kilometer | km ${ }^{2}$ |
| acre | Ac | 0.4047 | hectare | Hec |
| foot per second | fps | 0.3048 | meter per second | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| gallon | gal | 3.7854 | liter | L |

Metric Conversion Factors

| UNIT ACCURACY |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| UNIT | APPLIES TO | ACCURACY |  |
| cubic meter per second | All items with a unit of cubic meter per second | Nearest $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| meter | All items with a unit of meter except: <br> Culvert Pipe | Nearest 0.1 m <br> Nearest 0.5 m |  |
| square meter | All items with a unit of square meter | Nearest $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ |  |
| cubic meter | All items with a unit of cubic meter | Nearest $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |
| millimeter | All items with a unit of millimeter | Nearest mm |  |
| square kilometer | All items with a unit of square kilometer | $0.1 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ |  |
| hectare | All items with a unit of hectare | Nearest 0.5 Hec |  |
| meter per second | All items with a unit of meter per second | Nearest $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| liter | All items with a unit of liter | Nearest 10 L |  |
| Kiloliter | All items with a unit of 1000 liters | Nearest KL |  |

Metric Unit Accuracy

